A world-class gathering at a private party



Ilya and Adele Levitov with their young son and their special guests in front of the Waldorf Astoria: Anish Giri, Evgeny Bareev,
Boris Gelfand, Vladimir Kramnik, Vishy Anand, Peter Svidler, Alexander Grischuk and Ian Nepomniachtchi.

The Levitov Chess Week will in all likelihood go down in history as the most unusual chess tournament of 2019. Eight top GMs competed at the Waldorf Astoria in Amsterdam, almost unnoticed, including Vladimir Kramnik, who briefly came out of retirement. **DIRK JAN TEN GEUZENDAM** joined the happy few.

hat do you do to celebrate your 40th birthday? For Ilya Levitov it was an apt moment to make an old dream reality: to organize a private chess tournament. A tournament just for himself, a fine selection of grandmasters that he knew well, family and friends, and invited guests. In grand surroundings with nothing left to desire. His inspiration was the exclusive Amber tournament in Monaco that he had visited several times and where the players worked in secluded luxury and enjoyed each other's company after the games.

But he even went a step further. There was no need for spectators and the games were not broadcast live. In the evening, the games were sent to the main chess platforms and a daily recap by Peter Svidler was posted on YouTube (quite incredible, as Svidler also played himself and arrived jet-lagged in Amsterdam on the morning of the first day). In the meantime, everything was recorded by an omnipresent camera crew for a film by a leading Russian documentary maker.

Hanging out with the guys

Levitov had no wish to keep the event a secret; he just wanted his grandmaster friends to feel at ease and be allowed to create games that would not be rated. As he explained: 'For some reason I am upset with the situation in the chess world, especially with the role of the grandmasters. It's nobody's fault. The development of computer programs has made it clear that the grandmasters are no longer the magicians of the past, who knew more than the people who are watching the games. Now they know less. It's not that I don't want anybody to watch it, I just wanted to create a cosier atmosphere, so that they would feel as if they were playing more or less at home.'

And there was an added motivation: 'Lately I have been feeling that

chess is not a sport. It's more like an art, a social occasion; it's a game. And there is a big difference between sport and a game. Football is a game, but it's mostly sport. You're for somebody, you love some team, you want them to win. I don't see chess this way. It's more of a social thing, an intellectual thing. All this competitiveness at the top level, which has always been there – who is first in the rankings – I am not particularly interested in this aspect. For me it's much more important to hang out with the guys, because they are very interesting

'Chess is not for everybody. The game itself resists becoming too popular.'

people. I like being around chess players. That's my motivation for the tournament.'

Ilya Levitov's passion for chess first came to the attention of a wider circle when, together with Evgeny Bareev, he wrote the award-winning modern classic *From London to Elista* (2007), a gripping insider account of the World Championship matches that Vladimir Kramnik won against Kasparov, Leko and Topalov. And from 2010 to 2014 he was the Executive Director of the Russian Chess Federation. In this capacity, he organized top-level events like the Tal Memorial and the 2012 World Championship match between Anand and Gelfand.

This time, his wish to organize a gathering of top players was purely private and had nothing to do with an urge to promote chess. 'Honestly speaking, I do not believe in the promotion of chess, because it's a very complex game. Chess, like classical music, is not for everybody. And there's nothing wrong with that. It's the best you can say about anything in the world right now, because everything is for everybody now. Chess is not for everybody. The game itself resists becoming too popular.'

Post-mortems returned!

The 'Levitov Chess Week' comprised three days of rapid chess, preceded by a blitz tournament and a classical



Chess for fun in the hospitality room with Genna Sosonko, Jeroen Piket, Peter and Olga Svidler, Jan Gustafsson, Judit Polgar and Anish Giri.

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music concert by world-renowned musicians flown in from Moscow. For his venue, Levitov had chosen the Amsterdam Waldorf Astoria, an oasis of rest and luxury spread over six connected historical houses on Herengracht, the street along the city's most prestigious canal. Each round was divided into two two-game sessions, and at the request of the host, the players not playing followed the action in the hospitality room.

This, as Svidler noted, had a remarkable effect: post-mortems returned! Said Svidler: 'If you stop to think about it, it's really not a miracle that they disappeared. You just feel the futility of it, because you know you can spend two hours shuffling around pieces and then the computer will give you the answer in a couple of seconds. But when they do come back, it's very enjoyable, because this is a company of people who have known each other for ages, and for us to just sit at the board and discuss chess is very enjoyable.

Not only chess-technical issues were discussed; there was also a lot of reminiscing, which actually added some useful footnotes to chess history. One day, the story was told of a young Kramnik who had gone out late during the 1993 VSB tournament in Amsterdam. He had done so in the company of Ivan Sokolov and it had been so late that Sokolov had spent the night in Kramnik's room. When Kramnik woke up, he asked who he was playing and with barely concealed worry, Sokolov said, 'Anand, with Black'. To which Kramnik replied, 'Ah, Anand with Black, couldn't be better!' A nice story, but Levitov added an important detail. It had not been a show of youthful self-confidence, but a sign of relief, since Kramnik had already prepared his opening for Anand.

And on the subject of Kramnik preparation, Anand revealed why 'Vladi' had made a very short draw



Vishy Anand and Peter Svidler in a light-hearted mood at the start of their last-round game that would end in an atypical loss in 23 moves for the former World Champion.

with the white pieces in his 1994 Candidates match against Yudasin, after he had won the first game with Black. Before the game, his second Tseshkovsky had provided him with a useful suggestion in the Sveshnikov, but in the playing hall Kramnik discovered – as he should have known, of course – that he was playing White!

Back to his best years

Only the youngsters Giri and Nepomniachtchi found it hard to completely detach themselves from their beloved

'For us to just sit at the board and discuss chess is very enjoyable.'

laptops. The Dutchman even had it with him all the time. Perhaps not surprisingly, the fight for first place in

the final round was between them and Alexander Grischuk who, besides the starting fees, had persuaded Levitov to have a prize-fund and proved once more that such a stimulus works for him. 'Nepo' and Grischuk finished with the same number of points, but Nepomniachtchi was declared the winner of the 5,000 euro first prize on tiebreak.

At the end of this article, Nepomniachtchi annotates his win against Kramnik and has an interesting suggestion for Ilya Levitov in case he is going to organize another event. But first we'll look at some further highlights from a memorable tournament that produced a fine harvest of creative games. The notes are based on Peter Svidler's daily YouTube recaps and suggestions by Anish Giri.

To begin with, a win by Anand against his old rival, about which Svidler said: 'It felt like Vishy was back to his best years.' After the second day Anand was half a point behind the leading Nepomniachtchi, but the Indian dropped back on the final day.

Vishy Anand Vladimir Kramnik

Amsterdam rapid 2019 (4) Italian Game, Giuoco Piano

1.e4 e5 2.\(\angle f3\) \(\angle c6\) 3.\(\angle c4\) \(\angle c5\) 4.0-0 \(\angle f6\) 5.d3 d6 6.c3 a6 7.a4 \(\angle a7\) 8.\(\bar{a}e1\) 0-0 9.h3 h6 10.\(\angle bd2\) \(\angle e6\) 11.\(\angle xe6\) fxe6 fxe6 12.b4 \(\angle h5\) 13.\(\bar{a}a2\) \(\angle f4\) 14.\(\angle c4\) b5 15.\(\angle xf4\)



15...bxc4?

Better was 15... Axf4, but Kramnik probably felt that after 16. Ccd2 White's play on the queenside was more promising than Black's counter-chances on the kingside.



But this is a very pleasant position for White, and with pointed play Anand further increases his influence on the queenside. Watch how his knight on f3 will soon occupy a dominant position on c6!

18... ②e7 19.c4! 營b8 20. 營d2 營b7 21. ②e1 罩ad8 22.b5 ②g6

After 22...c6, 23. \$\mathbb{\pi}\$ b2 cements White's advantage.

23. ∅d3 axb5 24.cxb5 **\(\bar{2}\)** a8 25. ∅b4



25...∮14

25...②e7 was a better defence, but also insufficient after 26.②a6!, when c7 and d6 are too vulnerable.

26.4Dc6



There it is, exerting very annoying pressure and making the passed a-pawn an even bigger force. In fact, it will be unstoppable.

26... 堂h7 27. 堂h2 罩f6 28.g3 ②g6 29. 罩b3 ②f8 30.a5 ②d7 31.a6 豐c8 32. 豐e2 豐e8 33. 罩f3



Trading off pieces only makes the situation on the queenside worse for Black.

38... **⊘**a8 39.exf5 exf5

But now Anand sacrifices one of his queenside pawns to fatally undermine Black's position.



40.b6! cxb6 41. ②c4 ★g7 42. ℤxd6 f4 43.g4 f3 44. ₩e4



Now Black's only move is 44... \$\mathbb{\text{#}}f4+\$, but after the exchange of queens his position is in ruins, so he resigned.

Don't tease Kramnik

Vladimir Kramnik was inevitably a bit rusty, but was ready to strike when the opportunity arose. Before this game, his friends were teasing him with his play on the first day, which may have had some effect.

Peter Svidler Vladimir Kramnik

Amsterdam rapid 2019 (6) Queen's Indian Defence

One of several choices White has here. Svidler also mentioned 12. ******e2. **12... **2c8**



13. 營e2? This move leads to trouble. White should have played 13. 且e1!, with the idea to meet 13... 台b4 with 14. 身f1, when after 14... 身xf3 15. 豐xf3 豐xd4 White has the strong 16. 台d5.

13...⊘b4! A knight sortie that is quite unpleasant for White.

After the game Kramnik surprised Svidler by telling him that he had actually considered taking on d4. To make sure that no one will ever make this well-known mistake, Svidler showed the instructive punishment in his daily recap: 13...公xd4? 14.公xd4 豐xd4 15.公d5 豐c5 16.全xf6



ANALYSIS DIAGRAM

16... 全xf6 (also disastrous is 16... gxf6 17. 公xe7+ 豐xe7 18. 豐g4+ 含h8 19. 豐h4, and the only way to stop 20. 豐xh7 mate is 19...f5, which loses the queen) 17. 豐e4. Again lethally eyeing h7: 17...g6 18. 公xf6+ 含g7 19. 豐xb7, and Black is a piece down.

14. **\$b1 \$xf3** 15.gxf3

Because 15. wxf3 \(\text{x} \) c4 is not really an option. White seems to be holding some trump cards: the bishop pair and possible attacking chances along the g-file, too. But Kramnik finds a very strong continuation:

15...ഗിh5! 16.a3?



Vladimir Kramnik briefly came out of retirement to meet old friends and, despite being a bit rusty, showing sparks of great chess.

Hoping for 16.... (2) c6 17.d5, and things don't look all that bad for White. But Black does not need to withdraw the knight.

White should have tried 16. ②e4, when Kramnik was planning to play 16.... 皇g5 17. 基c3 ②f4, and although White is still in the game, this is a very unpleasant position to play.



16... 2d6! A killer. Suddenly White is totally lost. What to do against the threat of ... ₩g5+, followed by ... ₩f4, is the first question.

17.f4 Because 17. ②e4 ∰h4 18. ②xd6 ②f4 was hopeless.

Another try that won't work was 17.營e4 f5 18.營xe6+ 堂h8, and all the threats are there again. Svidler gave the following nice line: 19.②e2 罩c6 (threatening 20...②xf2+) 20.營e3 ③xh2+ 21.ⓒxh2 營h4+, followed by ...罩g6+, and wins.



18...**∮**xf4 19.**₩**d2



19... 5 bd3 A nice final shot. 0-1.

Rolling down the queenside

At 52, Evgeny Bareev was the oldest participant. After the following flashy win he thanked his daughters and grandchild, who had come to Amsterdam with him. This was the first game of his they watched in the hospitality room, and he urged them to do so more often.

Evgeny Bareev Boris Gelfand

Amsterdam rapid 2019 (6)
Queen's Indian Defence

1.d4 ②f6 2.c4 e6 3.②f3 b6 4.②c3 âb7 5. âf4 âe7 6.e3 ②h5 7. âg3 d6 8.d5!?



8...e5?! An understandable reply, but 8...\(\hat{\u00e9}\)f6! was stronger.

9. 2d2 g6 10. 2e2 2xg3 11.hxg3 2d7 12.g4! Forceful play, killing Black's kingside pawn mobility.

12...ዿf6 13.≝c2 ዿg7 14.0-0-0 a6 15.≣h3 ≝e7 16.⊈b1 0-0-0

With the open h-file, it's understandable that Black castles queenside. But how safe is the king there?



17.e4! Now Black has no breaks and White will come rolling down the queenside. 17... 全 b8 18.b4 Here we come. 18... ②f6 19. ②b3 ②c8 20. 正g3 h5 21.g5 ②d7 The white g-pawn may get lost at some point, but that's not what Bareev was worrying about.



22.c5!? Making no secret of his intentions. More cautious would have been 22.₺a4, followed by \(\beta\)c3, to prepare the advance of the c-pawn. 22...dxc5 23.d6! cxd6 24.₺d5 \(\begin{array}{c}\)e6 25.b5!



25... ②b7 Hoping to weather the storm by giving a pawn, when the white a-pawn might actually protect the black king. 25...a5 was clearly no option in view of 26. ②xa5!, followed by ₩a4 and ₩xa5, plus mate. Almost all white pieces are ready to join the attack, whereas Black's are mostly offside.

26.bxa6 &xd5



Another invader joins the fray.



Evgeny Bareev with his daughters Anya and Olya and grandson Vova (Anya's son), who inspired him to create a classy attacking game against Boris Gelfand.



29... ②b8 A better defensive attempt was 29... **②**f8!?, although White retains good attacking chances after, for instance, 30. **②**c1 **②**e6 31. **②**e2 **②**d4 32. **③**b2 h4 33. **③**b3!?.

30. <u>\$</u>b5!

Now White will soon crash through. **30...h4 31. Zgd3 Zgd5** There goes the pawn; but the real action is on the other side of the board.

32.a5 \$\delta\$f8 33.axb6+ \delta\$xb6 Time to wrap up:



Fighting Nepo

In the last round but one, Giri had to beat Nepomniachtchi to catch up with him and Grischuk. He did so, but in the final round 'Nepo' decided the fight for first in his favour anyway.

Anish Giri Ian Nepomniachtchi Amsterdam rapid 2019 (6) Caro-Kann Defence

1.e4 c6 A regular choice of Nepomniachtchi of late.

2.9f3 d5 3.d3



Spectating was an exclusive activity at the Waldorf Astoria, but besides Svidler's YouTube recaps an ever-present camera crew collected tons of footage for a chess film.



A rather unusual continuation, offering a queen swap and hoping for an edge in the resulting middlegame.

3...dxe4 4.dxe4 營xd1+ 5.全xd1 公f6 6.公fd2 公g4 7.全e1! e5

8.公c4



8...b5 8... ≜c5? looks tempting, but fails to 9.f3! △f2 10.b4! ≜d4 11.c3, and once Black has taken on h1 and White has taken the bishop, the black

knight, together with Black, will be lost.



White has a very pleasant position thanks to the weak black queenside pawns and squares.

11...b4 12.a5!? ∅d7 13.Ձc4 \$\dot{\phi}\$e7 14.∅d2



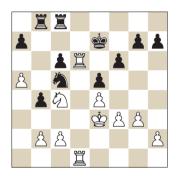
14... \(\delta\)d6? This loses two tempi.

After 14... 2d4 15.f3 2e6 16. 2xe6 Exe6 White would still be better, but Black's situation would be less problematic than in the game.

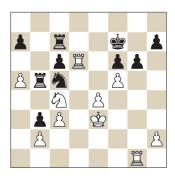


The situation doesn't look dramatic yet for Black, but White's advantage is considerable, thanks to his more active pieces.

21... ***e**7 22. **Zd6 Zhc8** 23. **Zad1 2c5** 24.g3! Opening a second front.



24... **宣**67? Black could have put up more resistance with 24... **宣**d8! 25.f4 ②b7. 25.f4 exf4+ 26.gxf4 **□**b5? 27. **□**g1 g6 28.f5 Now Black's kingside is ripped open. 28...b3 29.c3 全f7



30.e5! The winning breakthrough. The rest was not too complicated.



Vladimir Kramnik Ian Nepomniachtchi

Amsterdam rapid 2019 (3) Queen's Pawn Opening

1.9 f3

One of my favourite events was the Amber Tournament, where leading grandmasters competed not only at rapid chess, but also at blindfold play. Such an unusual format was very much to my liking, and I always read the reports from there with great interest. Alas, I never managed to play there, but thanks to the Levitov Chess

I would like to take the opportunity to suggest that blindfold chess is added next year.

Week I was able partially to experience the atmosphere of the chess festival, which, as Ilya himself said, he wanted to recreate in Amsterdam. I would like to hope that the tournament will become a traditional one, and to thank Ilya for an excellent beginning! And I would like to take the opportunity to suggest that blindfold chess is added as one of the disciplines next year.

1...d5 2.d4 &f5

An interesting set-up, in which it is not

so easy for White to pose problems for his opponent – especially in games with a shortened time control.

3.c4 e6 4.2c3 2c6!? This move is advocated by grandmasters Indjic and Li Chao. Previously I had exclusively played 4...2f6. But the most popular continuation is 4...c6, as, for example, Morozevich has played.



5.cxd5!?

In principle, Black is not averse to capturing on d5 with a piece, so it may be interesting to deny him this additional possibility.

5...exd5 6. \(\hat{2}\)f4 \(\hat{2}\)d6 7. \(\hat{2}\)g3!?

7... **2**f6 In my view, 7... **2**ce7 8.e3 c6 is a more accurate move order: then Black is not threatened with any pins on the h4-d8 diagonal.

8.e3 Øe7 9. gh4 Øe4

9...c6 10. £xf6 gxf6 leads to a well-known structure from the Queen's Gambit, where the limit of Black's dreams is a draw somewhere around the hundred move mark.



10. ⊈d3

A restrained move. Important variations arise after 10. 2xd5 2xd5 and now:



ANALYSIS DIAGRAM

A) 11. 盒xd8 盒b4+ 12. 當e2 ②dc3+ 13.bxc3 ②xc3+ 14. 當e1 (14. 當d2? is bad because of 14... ②xa2+ 15. 當e2 ②c3+) 14... ②xd1+ 15. 當xd1 罩xd8, and the advantage of the two bishops allows Black thoughts about not just equalizing;

B) 11. **a**b5+ **a**d7 12. **a**xd8 **a**b4+ 13. **a**f1 **a**xb5+ 14. **a**g1 **a**c3 15.bxc3 **a**xc3 16. **a**c2 **a**c2+ 17. **a**xe2 **a**xe2 18. **a**xc7 **a**c8 19. **a**g3 b5 with an unclear position.

10...c6?!

This allows the opponent to create unpleasant tension in the centre. After 10... 2xc3 11.bxc3 2xd3 12. 2xd3 0-0 13. bb White retains some pressure.

11. ₩c2



11... **營a5?**

Virtually the only move leading to a decent position is 11.... \$\delta\$b4 12.0-0 \$\angle\$d6 13. \$\delta\$xf5 \$\angle\$dxf5 14. \$\delta\$xe7 \$\angle\$xe7 15. \$\delta\$b\$ \$\delta\$xc3 16.bxc3 \$\delta\$c7.

12. \(\partial \text{xe7} \) \(\partial \text{xe7} \)

A choice of two evils: 12... \$\dispress xe7 13.0-0



When in Amsterdam... Ilya and Adele Levitov decided that a boat was the perfect place to hand Ian Nepomniachtchi the winner's trophy and have the closing dinner.

②xc3 14. 2xf5 ②b5 15.e4, with an enormous advantage for White.

13.0-0 公xc3 14. âxf5 公b5 15. 公e5 豐c7

15...g6 fails to 16.\(\tilde{\Delta}\)xc6 \(\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array



Vladimir and I hardly harboured any doubts about the result of the game. I realized that I had to rejoice over a small achievement: I had nevertheless managed to castle!

18. **≜d**3 **⊘**d6 19. **⊑**ac1 **\$b8** 20.b4 **₩e7** 21.a4 **⊑**c8

Somewhere around here I finally realized that the game would not end immediately. Yes, Black is a pawn down, at the same time he has a bad

position... but nevertheless in rapid chess even a small spark of counterplay can kindle a big fire.



22. **₩b3**?

White falls into what is probably the only trap. The solid move 22.營f2 deprives Black of even illusory chances of displaying activity.

22... 2xe5 23.dxe5 f6

It stands to reason that Black cannot solve all his problems, but to force the opponent to defend a little is an unprecedented success by the standards of the course of this game.

24. **≝c3**

24.exd6?? is not possible because of 24... wxe3+ 25. chl ≡xh2+.



27. 45 After avoiding an unpleasant thrust, Vladimir began making solid (and strong!) moves.

27... Ød6 28. ዿd3 ጃd8

The rook on the third rank excellently defends the kingside against any encroachments, but it is somewhat cut off from the centre of the board, to where Black switches the theatre of operations.

29. ₩d4 Øe4 30. ℤh3



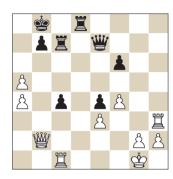
30...a5! Sink or swim! 31.bxa5 c5 32. \(\delta\) b2 c4

Objectively the advantage is still with White, but the scene has changed. He has not managed to avert the oppo-

nent's desperate breakthrough, and for a human the position has become extremely unclear.

33. ≜xe4 33. **≜**c2 **≡**g8! with compensation for Black.

33...dxe4



34. Th5? I thought that this move was the most logical, since the rook must be brought into play as quickly as possible, but, strangely enough, now White loses.

34. 逼g3! would have retained an advantage. It looks awkward, but the intention is revealed in the variation 34...c3 35. 显xc3 显d1+ 36. 全f2 豐d8, and now 37. 逗g8! 豐xg8 38. 显xc7 豐d5 (38...全xc7 39.豐c2+) 39. 显c2 and wins. But with the rook on h5 a similar idea does not work. Of course, Black is not obliged to play 34...c3, but then White acquires time to safeguard his king and set up a blockade of the c-pawn. However, Black's position remains quite playable.

34...c3!

Now, after using nearly all of his remaining time, Kramnik played:

35. Exc3 but there is no longer any way of saving the game.

Amsterdam rapid 2019 cat. XX														
					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		TPR
1	Ian Nepomniachtchi	IGM	RUS	2773	*	1	0	1	1/2	1	1/2	1	5	2886
2	Alexander Grischuk	IGM	RUS	2788	0	*	1/2	1	1/2	1	1	1	5	2884
3	Anish Giri	IGM	NED	2730	1	1/2	*	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	41/2	2837
4	Vishy Anand	IGM	IND	2757	0	0	1/2	*	1	1	0	1	31/2	2734
5	Boris Gelfand	IGM	ISR	2702	1/2	1/2	1/2	0	*	1	1	0	31/2	2742
6	Vladimir Kramnik	IGM	RUS	2756	0	0	1/2	0	0	*	1	1	21/2	2635
7	Peter Svidler	IGM	RUS	2727	1/2	0	1/2	1	0	0	*	1/2	21/2	2640
8	Evgeny Bareev	IGM	CAN	2664	0	0	0	0	1	0	1/2	*	11/2	2532



37. \$\delta\$g3 37. **\$\Beta\$h8? \$\Beta\$xh8** 38. **\$\Beta\$xc7 \$\Beta\$h4+** and mate next move.

The best chance was the desperate 37.堂e2, when to win Black would have had to find 37...罩g7! 38.g3 (the escape square for the king is blocked) 38...罩gd7 39.罩c2 罩h7!.



ANALYSIS DIAGRAM

I am not sure that I would have coped ©.

38... Ig7+ 39. Igxg2 40. If7 f5



The king has nowhere to hide from the quick mate. White resigned. ■